Chemical faculty Specialty - <u>chemistry and engineering chemistry</u> Discipline - <u>Analytical chemistry</u> Questions of the final graduation State Examination for the academic year 2018/2019

Simple Questions

1 Sensitivity and the ways of increasing it.

2 Selectivity and the ways of improving it.

3 Equilibrium in heterogeneous systems. Solubility product and solubility. The factors that influence solubility.

4 Causes of pollution of precipitate in gravimetric analysis.

5 Formation and properties of precipitate, maximum saturation.

6 The essence and classification of titrimetric methods.

7 Chemical and physical deviations from the Beer's law.

8 Sources of radiation in atomic absorption analysis.

9 Methods of photometric analysis.

10 Construction of titration curves of strong acid with strong base.

Medium questions

11 Methods of precipitation titration, construction of titration curves

12 Construction of titration curves in the oxidation-reduction method

13 Calculations of the pH of strong acids and bases

14 Factors affecting the strength of acids and bases

15 Complexometric titration methods.

16 Luminescence, fluorescence and phosphorescence

17 Optimal conditions for photometric determination

18 Homogeneous precipitation.

19 Method of acid-base titration. Indicators of titration.

20 Complexation reactions in analytical chemistry. Equilibrium Constants and Conditional Equilibrium Constants

Complicated questions

21 Conductometric analysis method

22 Reasons for changing the color of the indicators. Ostwald's ionic theory

23 Atomic Spectral Analysis. The main processes occurring in the flame.

24 Potentiometric analysis method

25 Atomic emission analysis. A comparison of atomic absorption and atomic emission methods

26 Thermogravimetry and thermal analysis methods

27 Polarographic analysis method

28 Indicator electrodes, reference electrodes

29 Construction of titration curves in the complexometric analysis method

30 Interaction of electromagnetic beams with matter

"Kimya" fakültəsinin

əyani şöbəsi "Kimya" və "Kimya mühəndisliyi" ixtisasları üzrə "Fiziki kimya" fənnindən

2018/2019-cu tədris ilində keçiriləcək Yekun Dövlət İmthanının sualları

Simple

- 1. The first law of Thermodynamics. Application in various processes.
- 2. Osmotic preassure. Van't Hoff equation
- 3. The rate of a chemical reaction. The order amd molecularity of the reaction
- 4. Classification of electrodes. I, II type of electrodes
- 5. Temperature dependence of the reaction rate. Arrhenius equation. Activation energy
- 6. The termodynamics derivation of the mass action law. Correlation between $K_{\text{P}},$ K_{C} and K_{N}
- 7. Gibbs phase rule. The phase diagram of water
- 8. The application of the Hess law to the calculation of the thermal effects of chemical reaction
- 9. Thermodynamics potentials. Maximal efficiency work
- 10. Specific, molar and equivalent electrical conductivities

Medium

- 1. The second law of thermodynamics. Entropy
- 2. The saturated vapor pressure. Clapeyron Clausius equation
- 3. Non-ideal solutions. Derivations from Raoult's law
- 4. Kinetics of the irrevesible first order reaction
- 5. Solubility of solid substances in liquids. Schroder's equation.
- 6. Gas solubility in liquids. Henry's law.
- 7. Galvanic cells. EMF and calculation of the thermodynamics functions
- 8. The features and kinetics of the homogenous catalytic reactions
- 9. Photochemical reactions. The main rules of Photochemistry. Quantum yield
- 10. Vant-Hoff's chemical isotherm equation

Hard

- 1. Temperature dependence of the heat effect of the reaction. The Kirchoff's equation
- 2. Dependence of equilibrium constant on temperature. Isobar and isochor equations of Vant-Hoff
- 3. Liquid -vapour equlibrium in binary liquid systems. Konovalov's rules
- 4. Chain reactions. The kinetic sof unbranched chain reactions
- 5. Thermodynamics of the strong electrolytes. Force of ion and activity coefficient
- 6. Caloric coefficients and their physical meaning
- 7. Characteristic functions
- 8. Chemical potential.
- 9. Heterogenous catalytic reactions and features of the heterogenous catalytic reactions
- 10.Two-component systems. The phase diagrams of the systems with congruent melting

Faculty of Chemistry Department of General and Inorganic chemistry Final State Examination Themes for final state examination

Easy questions

- 1. Atomic orbitals and order of filling of electron shells (levels)
- 2. Nitrogen and Phosphorus Fertilizers. Composition, production and properties.
- 3. Carbon. Allotropes of carbon and properties.
- 4. The most significant sulfur compounds. H₂SO₄, production and properties.
- 5. Nitrogen, its compounds and properties. HNO₃, production and properties
- 6. Na, K. Production and properties. Production of sodium carbonate (soda)
- 7. Ca subgroup elements. Preparation and properties.
- 8. IIIA group elements. Characteristics. Production of Aluminum.
- 9. Ge subgroup elements. Preparation and properties. Compounds.
- 10. Ionic equilibrium in solutions and Ion exchange reactions.

Questions of medium complexity

- 1. Modern Periodic Law. Moseley's Law
- 2. Chemical bonds, types of chemical bonds. Characteristics of chemical bonds.
- 3. Hydrolysis. Mechanism of hydrolysis.
- 4. Si. Preparation and properties. Silicate industry.
- 5. Characteristics of VIIIB group elements. Relationships among them.
- 6. Cast iron and steel production.
- 7. Cu. Production and properties. Coordination compounds of copper.
- 8. V, Nb, Ta. Production and properties. Their most significant compounds.
- Allotropes of phosphorous. <u>Comparison of Nitrogen and Phosphorus</u>. Acids of Phosphorus
- 10. Boron. Production and properties. Boranes.

Complex questions

- 1. State of matter. Crystalline and amorphous solids.
- 2. Coordination compounds. Werner's theory of coordination complexes. Nomenclature of complexes. Their isomerism and stability.
- 3. Theories of Acids and Bases.
- 4. Solid solutions. Types of solid solutions. Types of phase diagrams. Daltonides and Berthollides.
- 5. Electrolysis. Faraday's law of electrolysis. Redox reactions.
- 6. Characteristics of VIIA group elements. Production and properties of fluorine and chlorine. Comparison of F₂ and Cl₂.
- 7. Platinum family elements. Production and properties. Their most significant compounds.
- 8. Sc subgroup elements. Lanthanides. Their comparisons.
- 9. Chromates and Chromites and their mutual conversions.
- 10. VIIB group elements. Production and properties. Their most significant compounds.

Faculty of Chemistry

Specialty "Chemistry and Engineering Chemistry" Discipline "Organic Chemistry" Questions of the final state examination for the 2018/2019 academic year

Easy

- 1. Physical properties and reactions of alkanes.
- 2. Reactions of alkynes: hydrogenation, halogenation, addition reactions.
- 3. Alcohols. Nomenclature and physical properties.
- 4. Ethers and epoxides. Introduction.
- 5. Nomenclature of alkenes: JUPAC rules for naming af alkenes.
- 6. Alkadienes, bonding in conjugated diens.
- 7. Amines. Nomenclature, physical properties.
- 8. Synthesis of esters: esterification.
- 9. Lactons. Preparation of amines through reduction of amides.
- 10. Aliphatic diazo compounds.

Average

Reactions of aldehydes and ketones with imines and enamines, hydrozons.

- 1. Physical properties of ethers. Preparation of ethers: epoxidation of alkenes.
- 2. Mechanism of acetal formation from aldehydes.
- 3. Occurrence and preparation of alkenes. The Wurtz reaction.
- 4. Electrophylic addition reactions of diens: 1,2 and 1,4 addition.
- 5. Organolithium compounds. Preparation reaction with reactive metal halides.
- 6. Heterocyclic aromatic compounds.
- 7. Reaction of amines with nitrous acids.
- 8. The Grignard reagent, mechanism of preparation.
- 9. Heterociclic aromatic compounds: pyrrol, furan, pyridine.

Difficult

- 1. Reaction mechanism of halogenation of methane.
- 2. The acidity of the α -hydrogen of carbonyl compounds. Tautomerism. Keton and enol forms.
- 3. The Mannich reaction and its mechanism.
- 4. Reactions of aldehydes and ketones. Hydration: electronic and steric effects.
- 5. Nucleophylic substitution reaction: S_{N1} , S_{N2} .
- 6. Carbohydrates: definition and classification.
- 7. Essential nutrients and antimetabolism.
- 8. Preparation of amines through Hoffman degradation of amines.
- 9. Mechanistic explanation of rate effects in aromatic reactions.
- 10. The sulfa drugs: sulfanyl amide. Mechanism of synthesis of sulfa drugs.